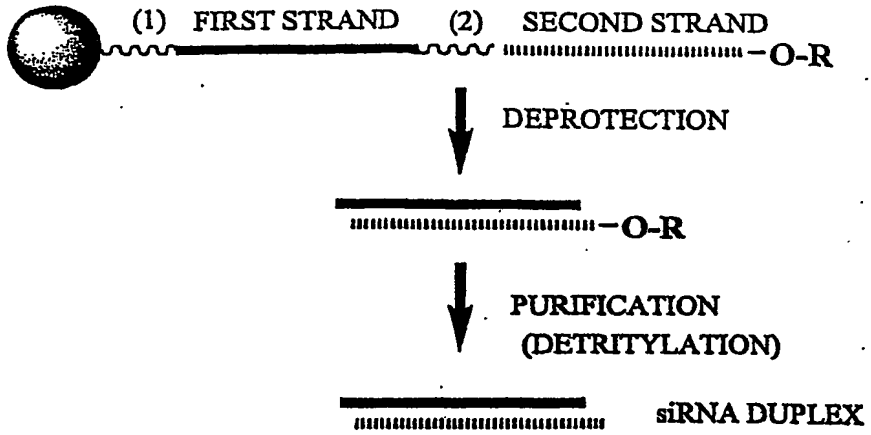
Figure 1

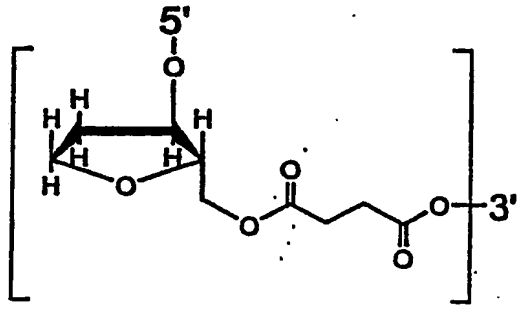


= SOLID SUPPORT

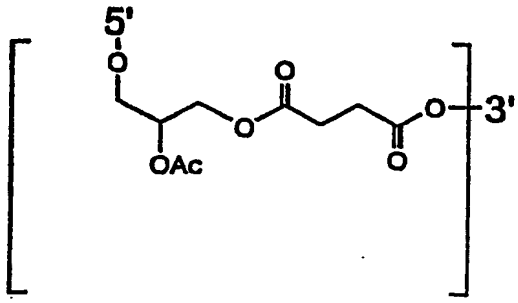
R = TERMINAL PROTECTING GROUP
FOR EXAMPLE:
DIMETHOXYTRITYL (DMT)

(1) = CLEAVABLE LINKER
(FOR EXAMPLE: NUCLEOTIDE SUCCINATE OR INVERTED DEOXYABASIC SUCCINATE)

(2) = CLEAVABLE LINKER
(FOR EXAMPLE: NUCLEOTIDE SUCCINATE OR INVERTED DEOXYABASIC SUCCINATE)



INVERTED DEOXYABASIC SUCCINATE LINKAGE



GLYCERYL SUCCINATE LINKAGE

Figure 2

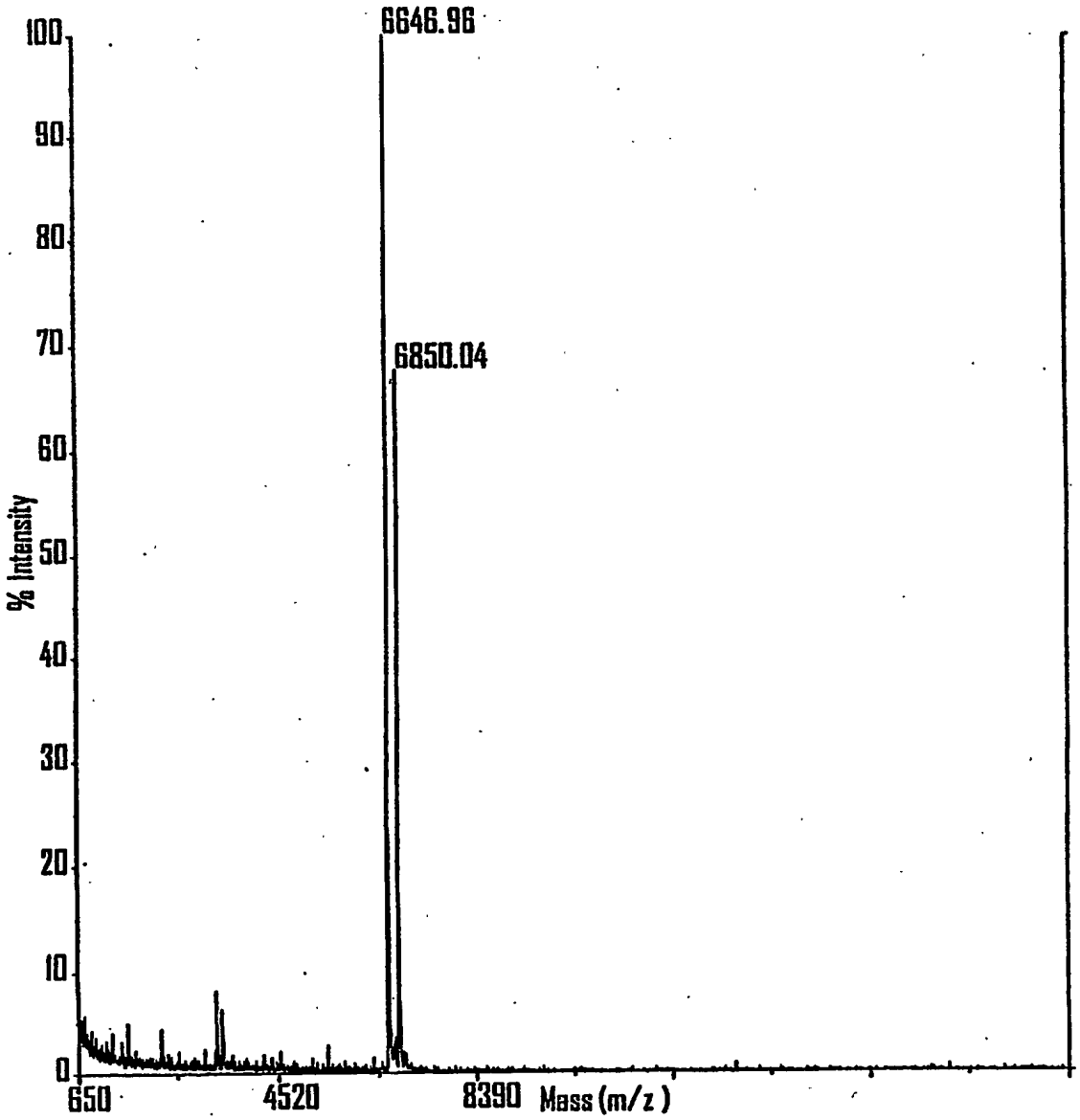

6646.96
6850.04
100
90
80
70
60
50
40
30
20
10
0
% Intensity
650
4520
8390
Mass (m/z)

Figure 3

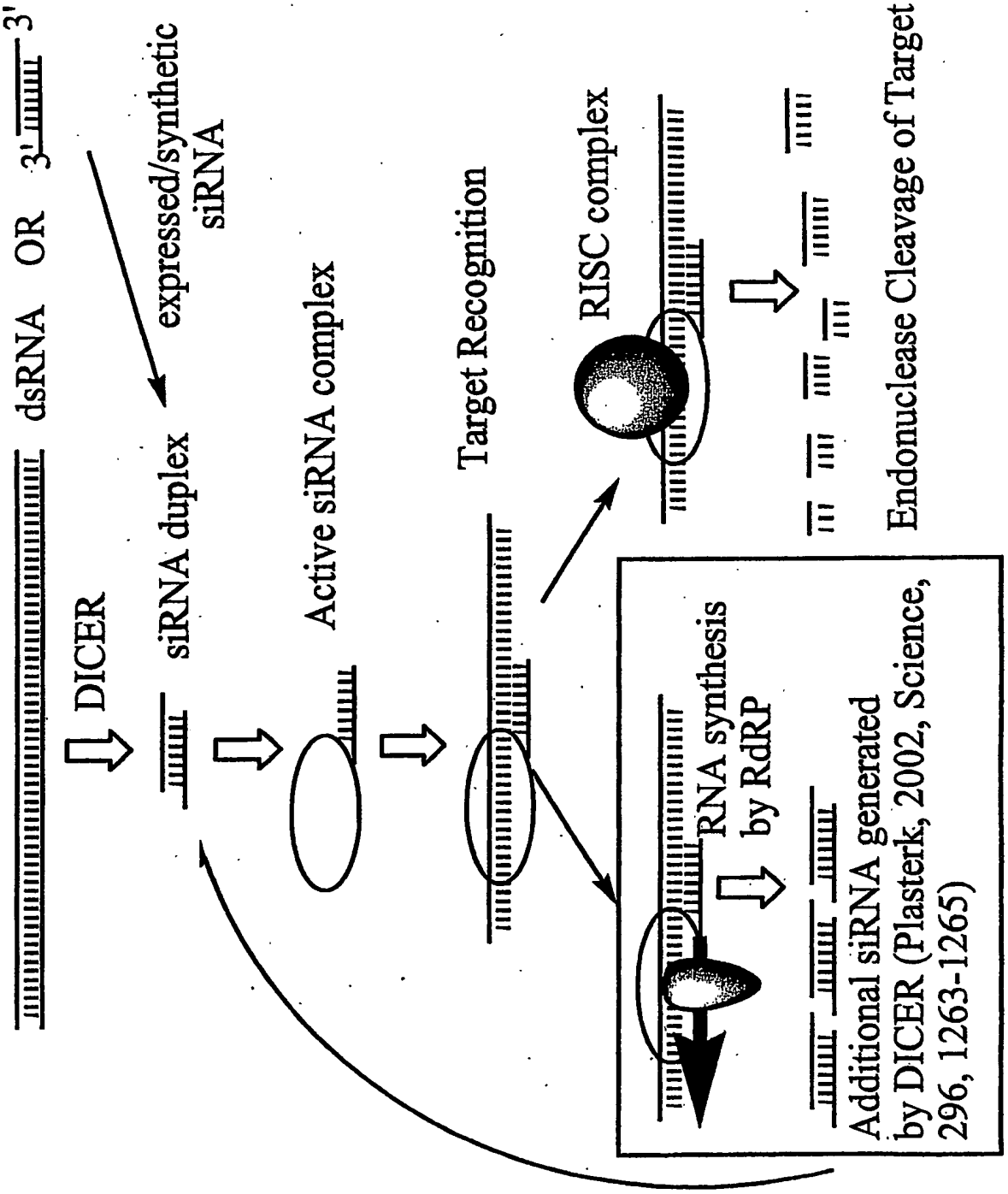

dsRNA OR 3' 3'
DICER
siRNA duplex
expressed/synthetic siRNA
Active siRNA complex
Target Recognition
RISC complex
RNA synthesis by RdRP
Endonuclease Cleavage of Target
Additional siRNA generated by DICER (Plasterk, 2002, Science, 296, 1263-1265)

Figure 4

A

SENSE STRAND (SEQ ID NO 789)
ALL POSITIONS RIBONUCLEOTIDE EXCEPT POSITIONS (N N)

5'- B-N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N (N N)-B -3'

3'- L-(N_SN) N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N -5'

ANTISENSE STRAND (SEQ ID NO 790
ALL POSITIONS RIBONUCLEOTIDE EXCEPT POSITIONS (N N)

B

SENSE STRAND (SEQ ID NO 791)
ALL PYRIMIDINES = 2'-FLUORO AND ALL PURINES = 2'-OM EXCEPT POSITIONS (N N)

5'- N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N (N_SN) -3'

3'- L-(N_SN) N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N -5'

ANTISENSE STRAND (SEQ ID NO 792)
ALL PYRIMIDINES = 2'-FLUORO AND ALL PURINES = 2'-O-ME EXCEPT POSITIONS (N N)

C

SENSE STRAND (SEQ ID NO 793)
ALL PYRIMIDINES = 2'-O-ME OR 2'-FLUORO EXCEPT POSITIONS (N N)

5'- B-N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N (N N)-B -3'

3'- L-(N_SN) N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N -5'

ANTISENSE STRAND (SEQ ID NO 794)
ALL PYRIMIDINES = 2'-FLUORO EXCEPT POSITIONS (N N)

D

SENSE STRAND (SEQ ID NO 795)
ALL PYRIMIDINES = 2'-FLUORO EXCEPT POSITIONS (N N) AND ALL PURINES = 2'-DEOXY

5'- B-N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N (N N)-B -3'

3'- L-(N_SN) N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N -5'

ANTISENSE STRAND (SEQ ID NO 792)
ALL PYRIMIDINES = 2'-FLUORO AND ALL PURINES = 2'-O-ME EXCEPT POSITIONS (N N)

E

SENSE STRAND (SEQ ID NO 796)
ALL PYRIMIDINES = 2'-FLUORO EXCEPT POSITIONS (N N)

5'- B-N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N (N N)-B -3'

3'- L-(N_SN) N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N -5'

ANTISENSE STRAND (SEQ ID NO 792)
ALL PYRIMIDINES = 2'-FLUORO AND ALL PURINES = 2'-O-ME EXCEPT POSITIONS (N N)

F

SENSE STRAND (SEQ ID NO 795)
ALL PYRIMIDINES = 2'-FLUORO EXCEPT POSITIONS (N N) AND ALL PURINES = 2'-DEOXY

5'- B-N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N (N N)-B -3'

3'- L-(N_SN) N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N -5'

ANTISENSE STRAND (SEQ ID NO 797)
ALL PYRIMIDINES = 2'-FLUORO EXCEPT POSITIONS (N N) AND ALL PURINES = 2'-DEOXY

POSITIONS (NN) CAN COMPRISE ANY NUCLEOTIDE, SUCH AS DEOXYNUCLEOTIDES (eg. THYMIDINE) OR UNIVERSAL BASES

B = ABASIC, INVERTED ABASIC, INVERTED NUCLEOTIDE OR OTHER TERMINAL CAP THAT IS OPTIONALLY PRESENT

L = GLYCERYL or B THAT IS OPTIONALLY PRESENT

S = PHOSPHOROTHIOATE OR PHOSPHORODITHIOATE that is optionally absent

Figure 5

A

SENSE STRAND (SEQ ID NO 798)

5'- B- A U G A C C A U C G U G G C C U U C C *C T T*-B -3'

3'- L-T_S*T* U A C U G G U A G C A C C G G A A G G -5'

ANTISENSE STRAND (SEQ ID NO 799)

B

SENSE STRAND (SEQ ID NO 800)

5'- *a u g a c c a u c g u g g c c u u c c* T_S*T* -3'

3'- L-T_S*T u a c u g g u a g c a c c g g a a g g* -5'

ANTISENSE STRAND (SEQ ID NO 801)

C

SENSE STRAND (SEQ ID NO 802)

5'- B-A u G A c c A u c G u G G c c u u c c *T T*-B -3'

3'- L-T_S*T* u A *c u* G G *u* A G *c* A *c c* G G A A G G -5'

ANTISENSE STRAND (SEQ ID NO 803)

D

SENSE STRAND (SEQ ID NO 804)

5'- B-*A u G A c c A u c G u G G c c u u c c T T*-B -3'

3'- L-T_S*T u a c u g g u a g c a c c g g a a g g* -5'

ANTISENSE STRAND (SEQ ID NO 801)

E

SENSE STRAND (SEQ ID NO 805)

5'- B-A *u* G A *c c* A *u c* G *u* G G *c c u u c c T T*-B -3'

3'- L-T_S*T u a c u g g u a g c a c c g g a a g g* -5'

ANTISENSE STRAND (SEQ ID NO 801)

F

SENSE STRAND (SEQ ID NO 804)

5'- B-*A u G A c c A u c G u G G c c u u c c T T*-B -3'

3'- L-T_S*T u A c u G G u A G c A c c G G A A G G* -5'

ANTISENSE STRAND (SEQ ID NO 806)

lower case = 2'-O-Methyl or 2'-deoxy-2'-fluoro

italic lower case = 2'-deoxy-2'-fluoro

underline = 2'-O-methyl

ITALIC UPPER CASE = DEOXY

B = ABASIC, INVERTED ABASIC, INVERTED NUCLEOTIDE OR OTHER TERMINAL CAP THAT IS OPTIONALLY PRESENT

S = PHOSPHOROTHIOATE OR PHOSPHORODITHIOATE OPTIONALLY PRESENT

L = GLYCERYL MOIETY or B OPTIONALLY PRESENT

Figure 6

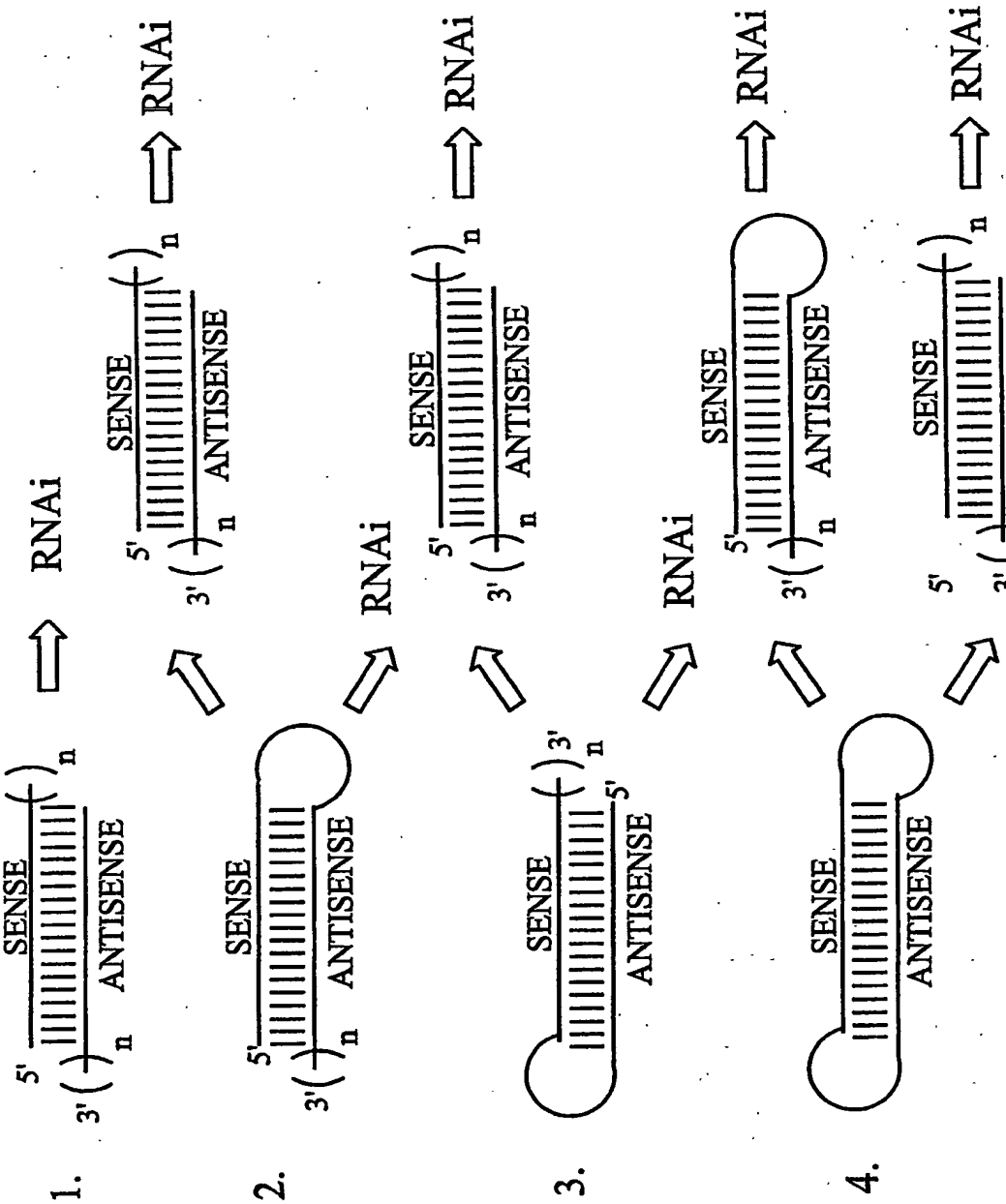


Figure 7

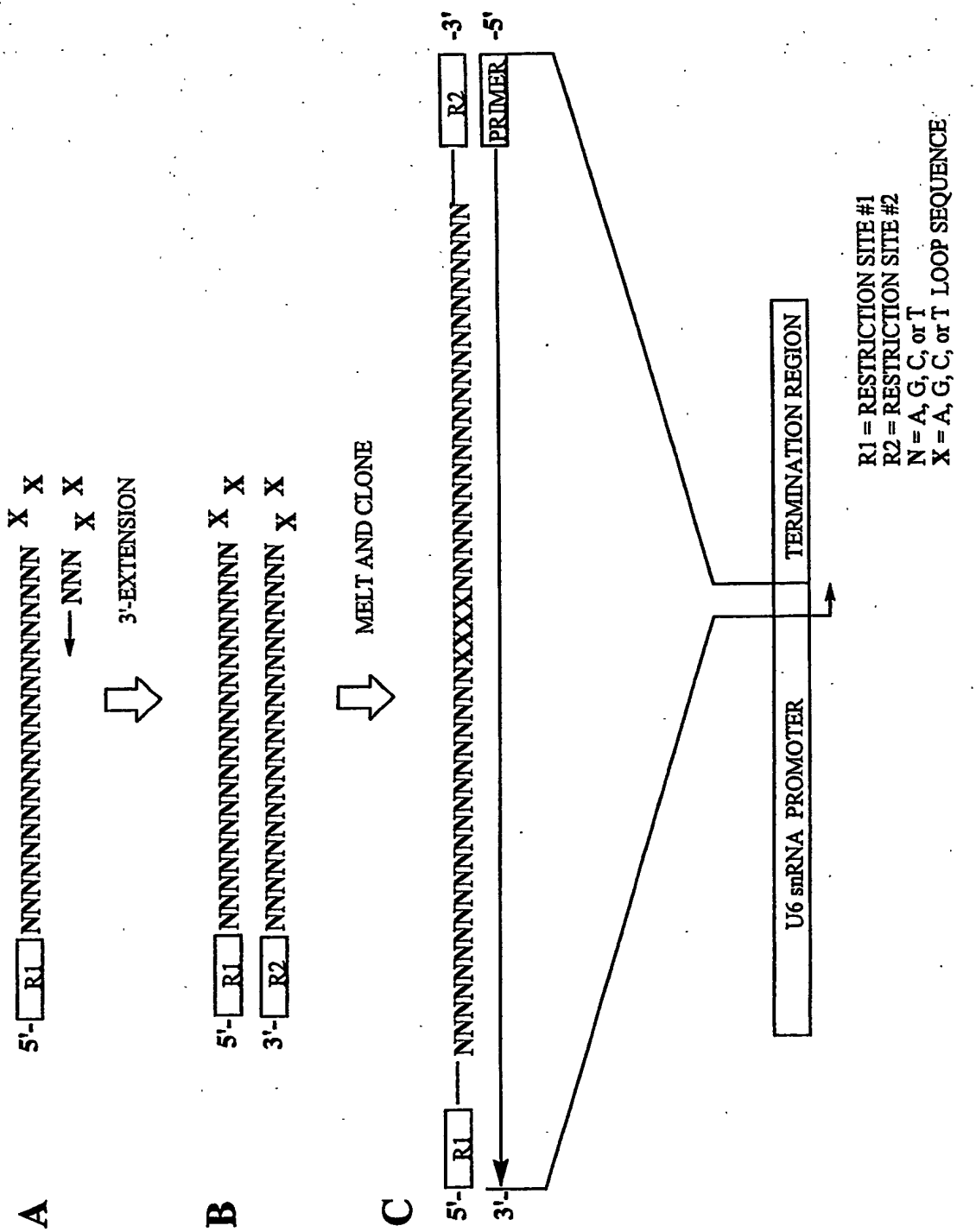
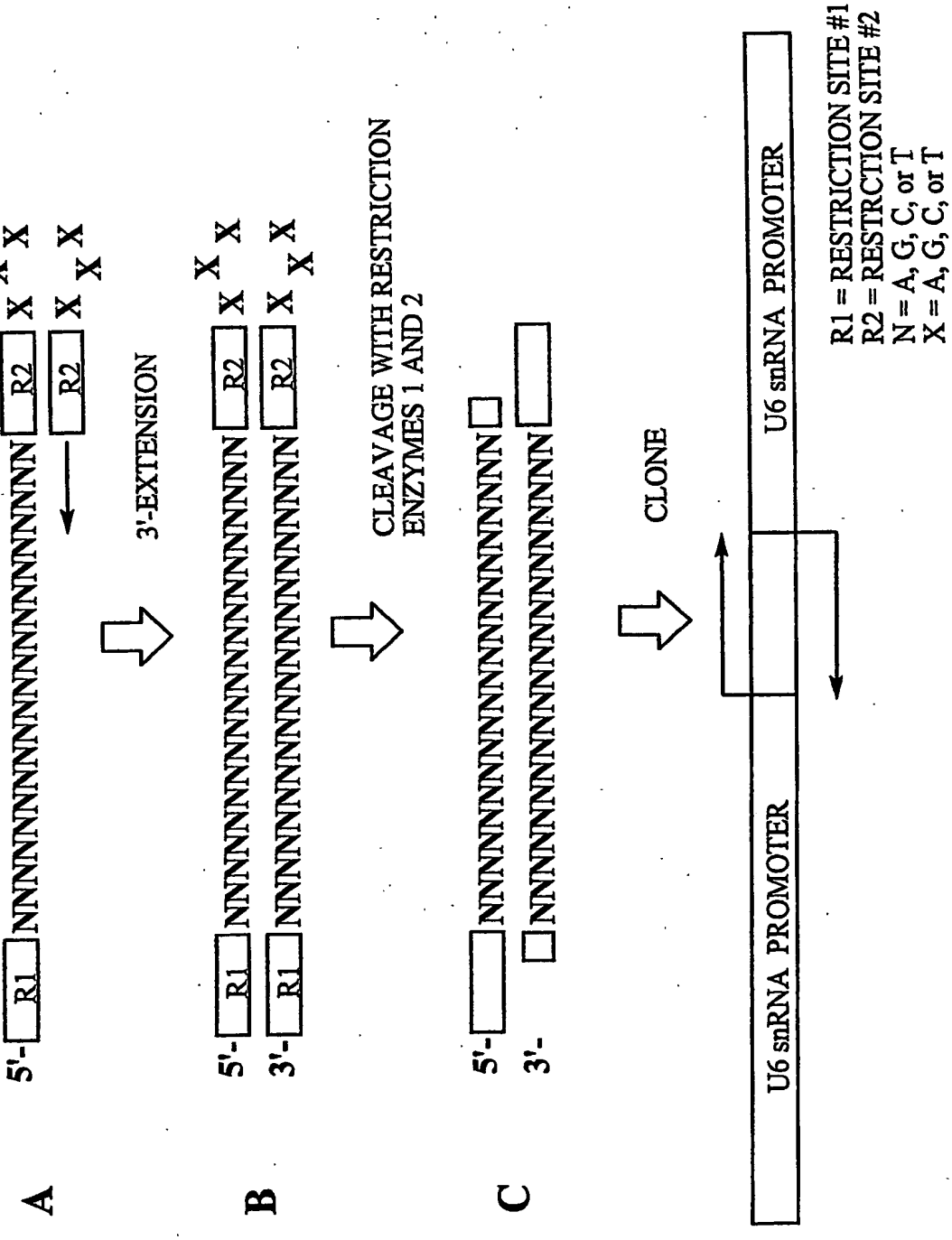

A
5'- R1 NNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNN X X
NNN X X
3'-EXTENSION
B
5'- R1 NNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNN X X
3'- R2 NNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNN X X
MELT AND CLONE
C
5'- R1 NNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNXXXXNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNN R2 -3'
3'- PRIMER -5'
U6 snRNA PROMOTER
TERMINATION REGION
R1 = RESTRICTION SITE #1
R2 = RESTRICTION SITE #2
N = A, G, C, or T
X = A, G, C, or T LOOP SEQUENCE

Figure 8


A
5'-
R1
NNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNN
R2
X X
R2
X X
X X
3'-EXTENSION
B
5'-
R1
NNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNN
R2
X X
3'-
R1
NNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNN
R2
X X
X X
CLEAVAGE WITH RESTRICTION ENZYMES 1 AND 2
C
5'-
NNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNN
3'-
NNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNN
CLONE
U6 snRNA PROMOTER
U6 snRNA PROMOTER
R1 = RESTRICTION SITE #1
R2 = RESTRICTION SITE #2
N = A, G, C, or T
X = A, G, C, or T

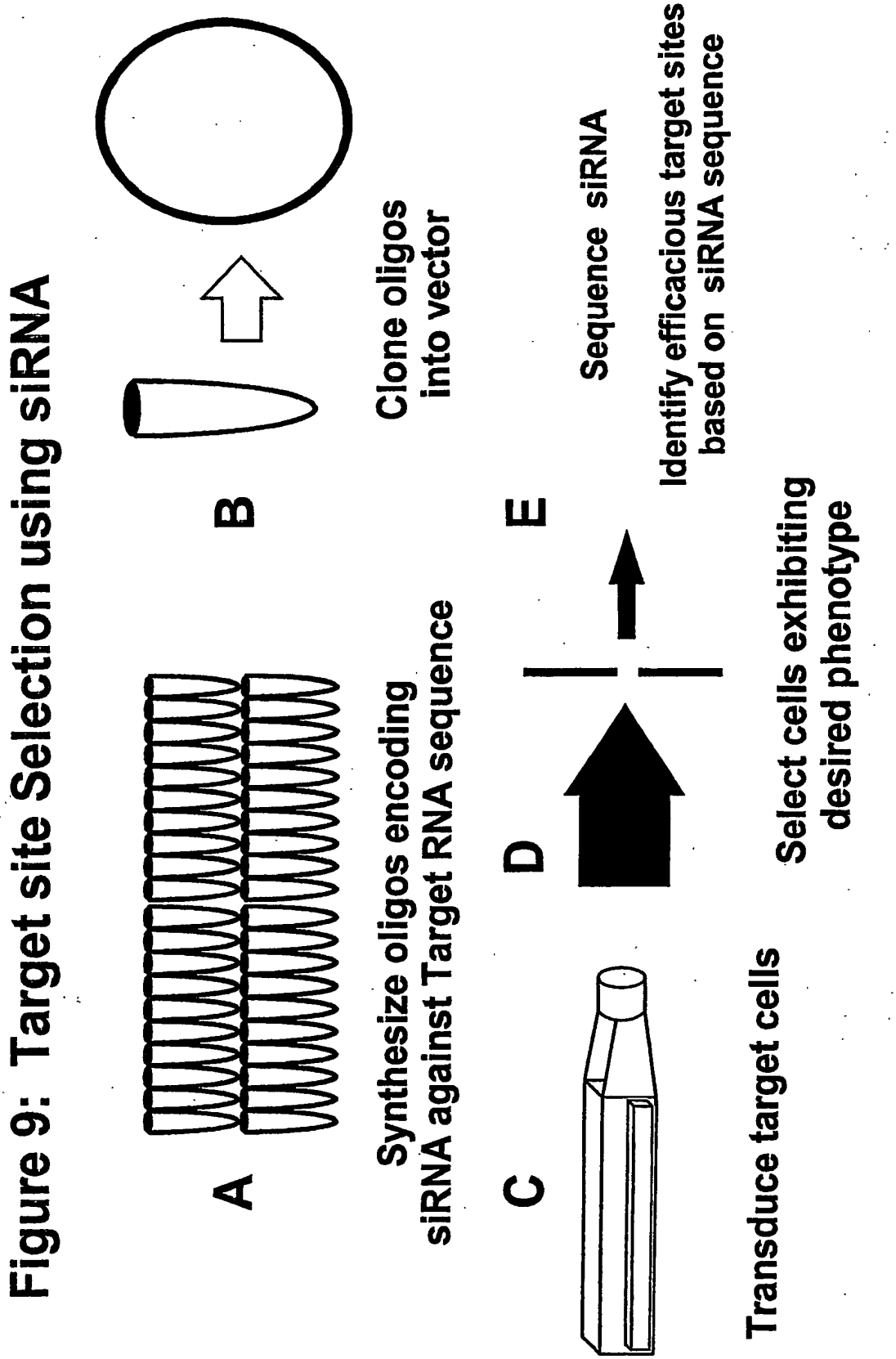
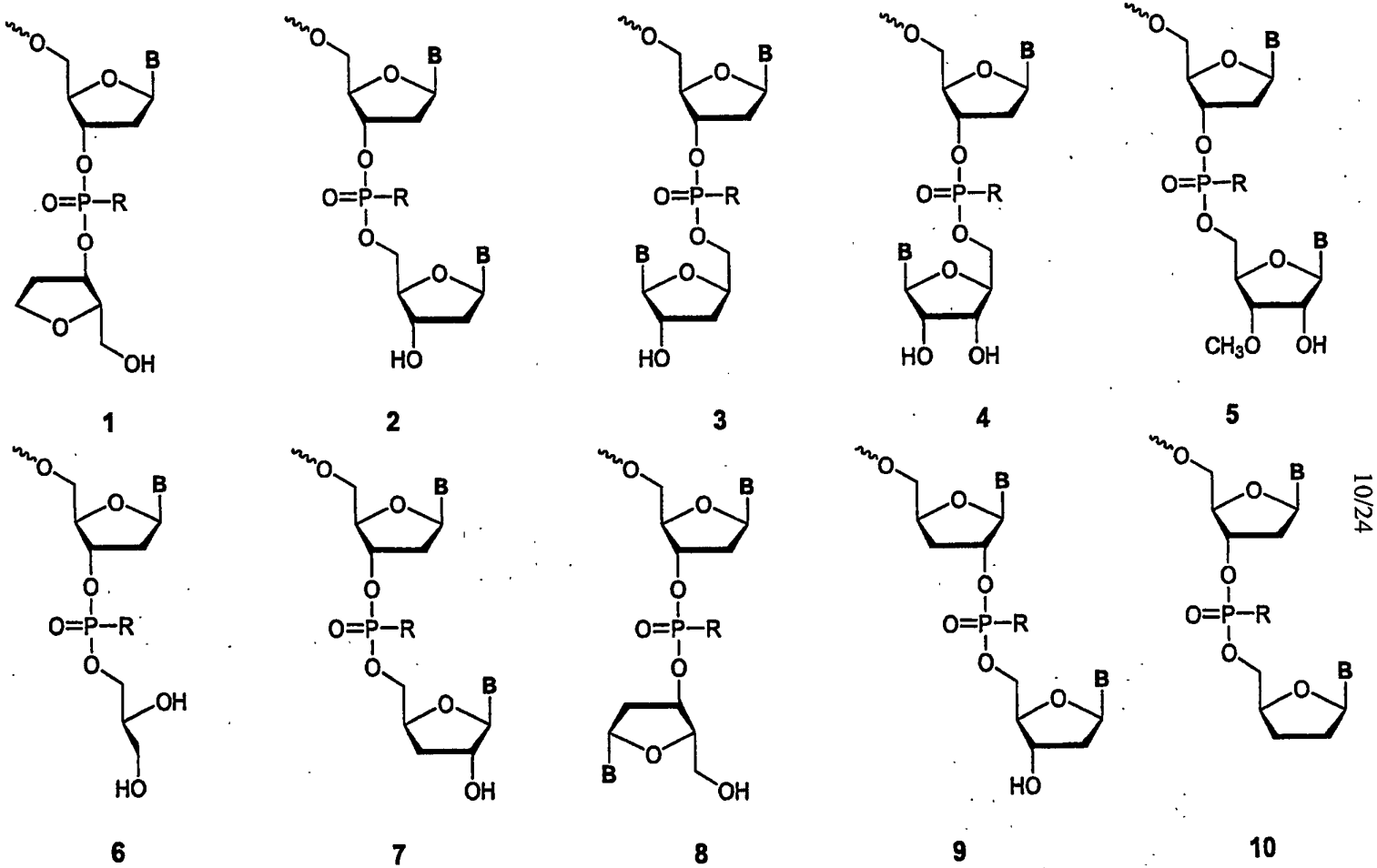


Figure 9: Target site Selection using siRNA
A
Synthesize oligos encoding siRNA against Target RNA sequence
B
Clone oligos into vector
C
Transduce target cells
D
Select cells exhibiting desired phenotype
E
Sequence siRNA
Identify efficacious target sites based on siRNA sequence

Figure 10



R = O, S, N, alkyl, substituted alkyl, O-alkyl, S-alkyl, alkaryl, or aralkyl
B = Independently any nucleotide base, either naturally occurring or chemically modified, or optionally H (abasic).

Figure 11: Modification Strategy

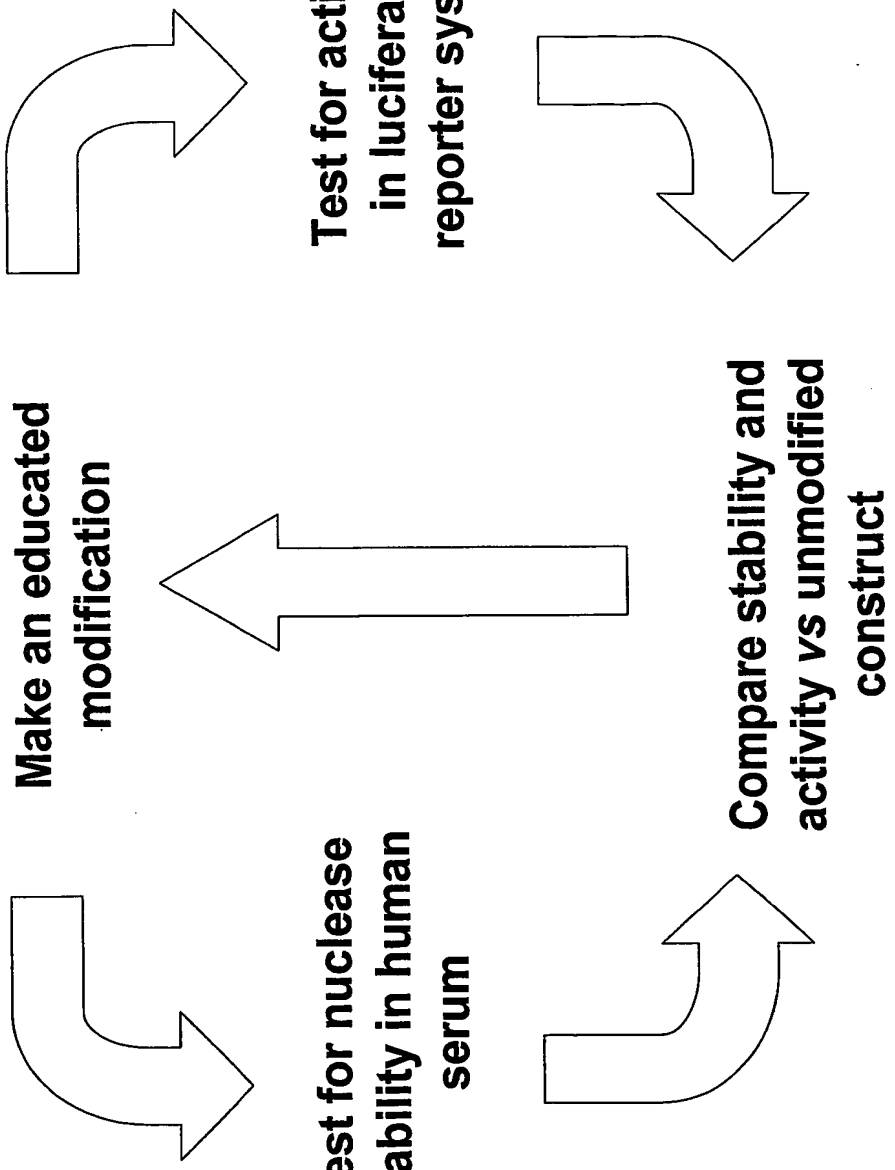
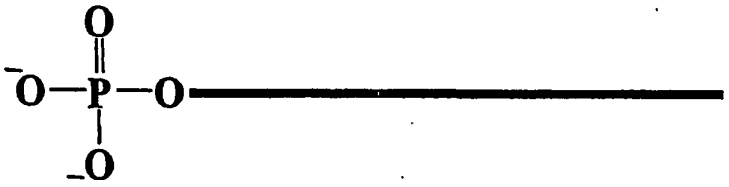
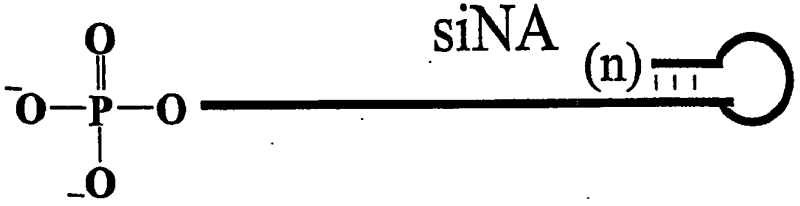


Figure 12: Phosphorylated siNA constructs

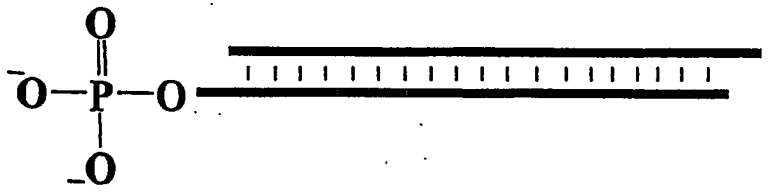


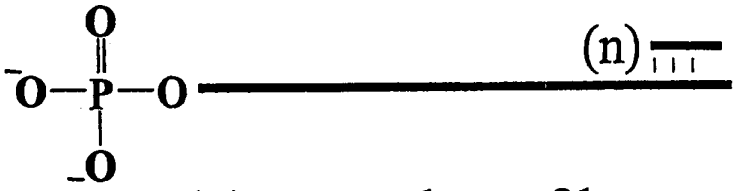
Phosphates can be modified as described herein

Asymmetric hairpin siNA



Asymmetric duplex siNA





(n) = number of base pairs (e.g. 3-18 bp)

Figure 13: 5'-phosphate modifications

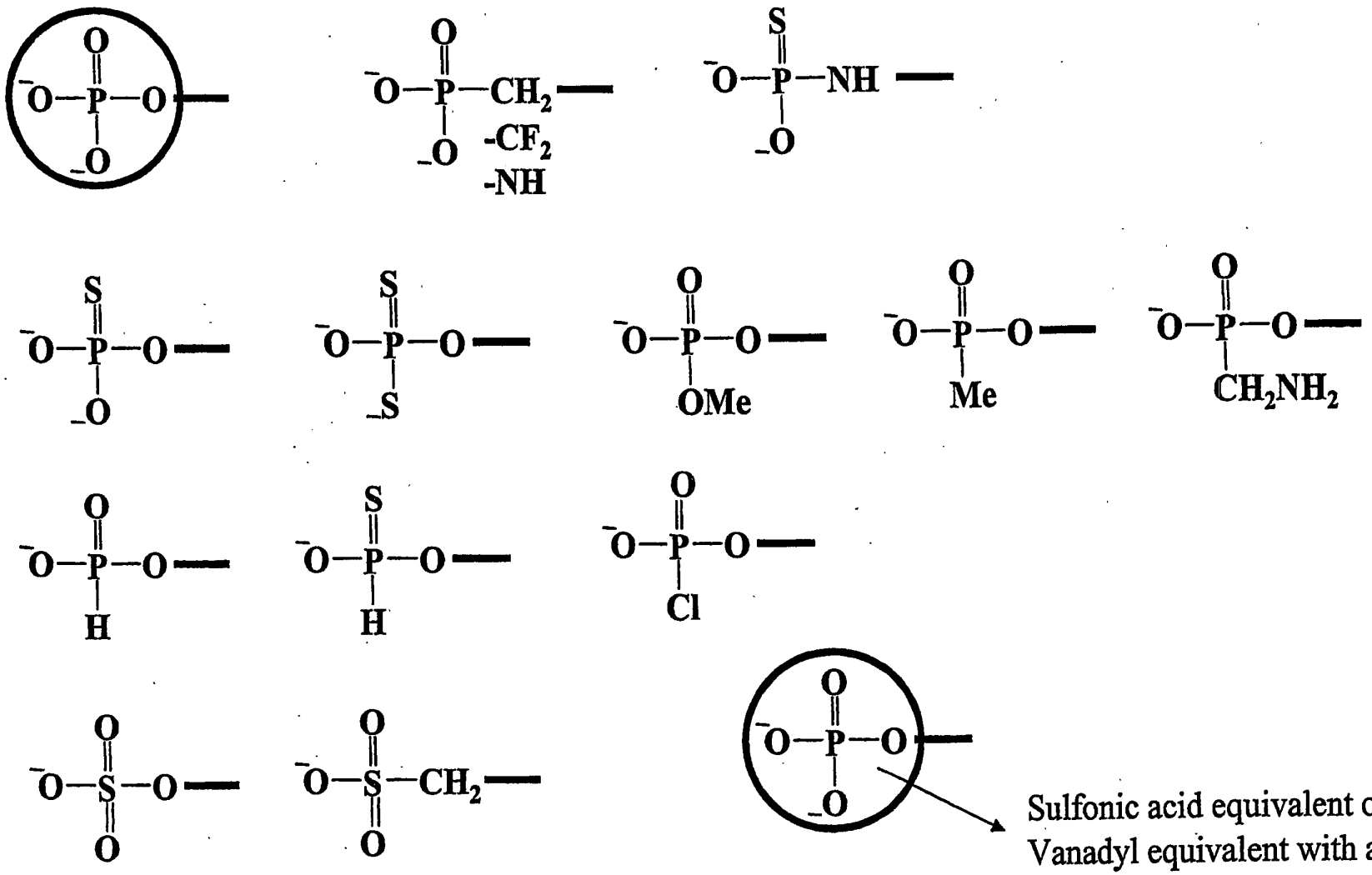
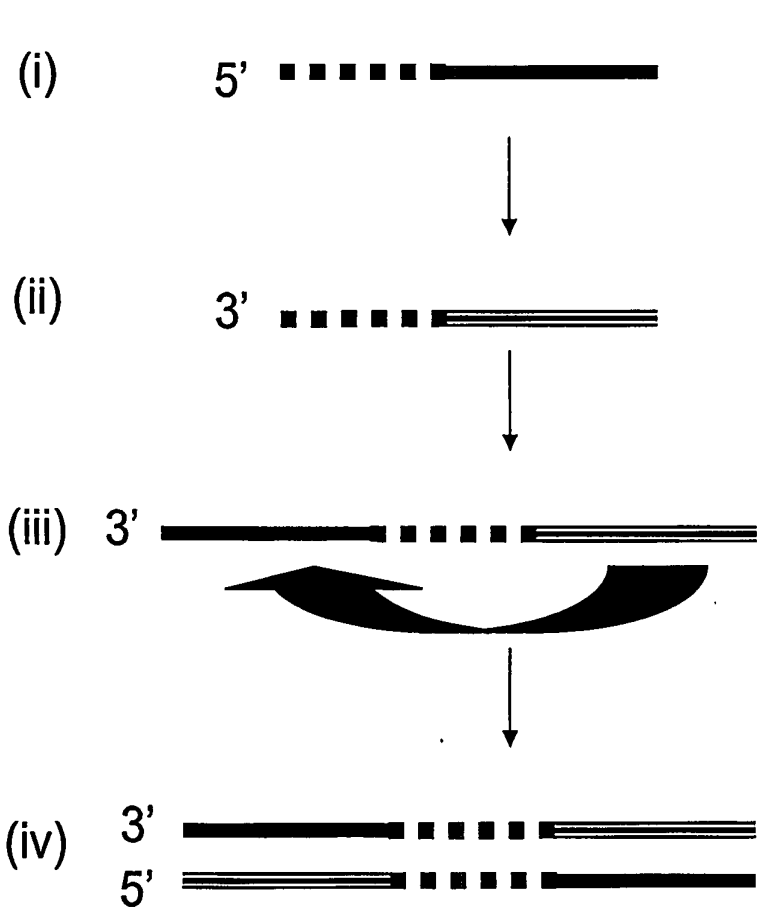


Figure 14A: Duplex forming oligonucleotide constructs that utilize Palindrome or repeat sequences



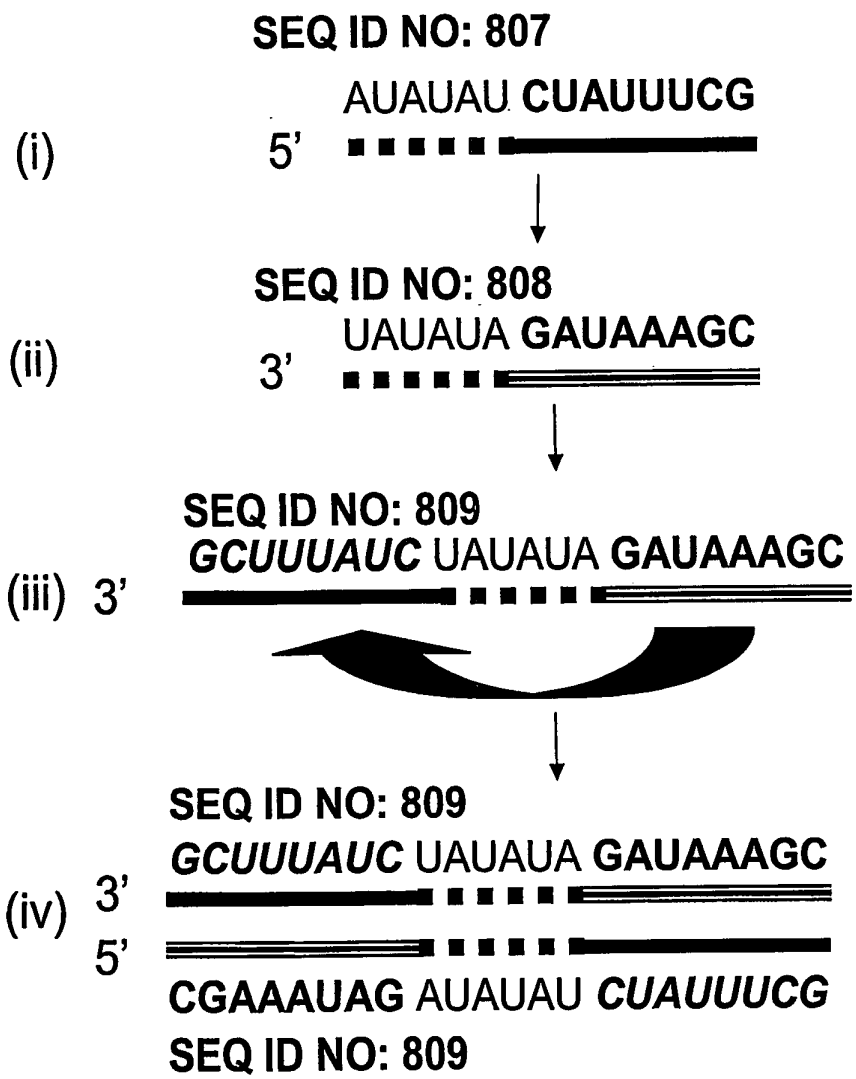
Identify Target Nucleic Acid sequence (e.g., 14 to 24 nucleotides in length) containing palindrome/repeat sequence at 5'-end (dashed portion)

Design Complementary Sequence to the Target Nucleic Acid sequence of (i) above

Append inverse sequence of the Non-palindromic Complementary Sequence of (ii) to 3'-end of complementary sequence

Self assembly of self complementary strands to form duplex construct

Figure 14B: Example of a duplex forming oligonucleotide sequence that utilizes a palindrome or repeat sequence



Identify Target Nucleic Acid sequence (e.g., 14 to 24 nucleotides in length) containing palindrome/repeat sequence at 5'-end (dashed portion)

Design Complementary Sequence to the Target Nucleic Acid sequence of (i) above

Append inverse sequence of the Non-palindromic Complementary Sequence of (ii) to 3'-end of complementary sequence

Self assembly of self complementary strands to form duplex construct (blunt ends)

Figure 14C: Example of a duplex forming oligonucleotide sequence that utilizes a palindrome or repeat sequence, self assembly

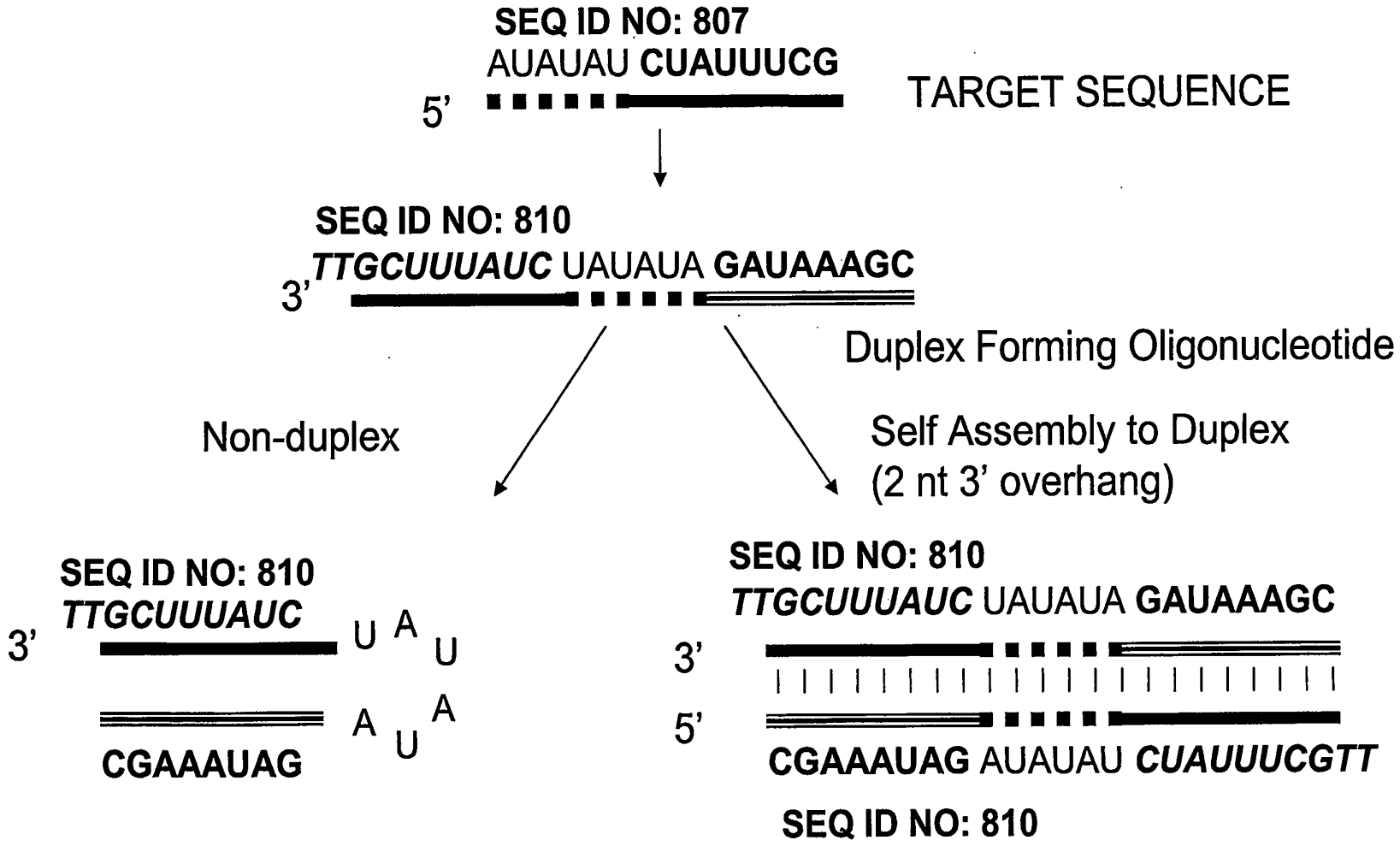


Figure 14D: Example of a duplex forming oligonucleotide sequence that utilizes a palindrome or repeat sequence, self assembly and inhibition of Target Sequence Expression

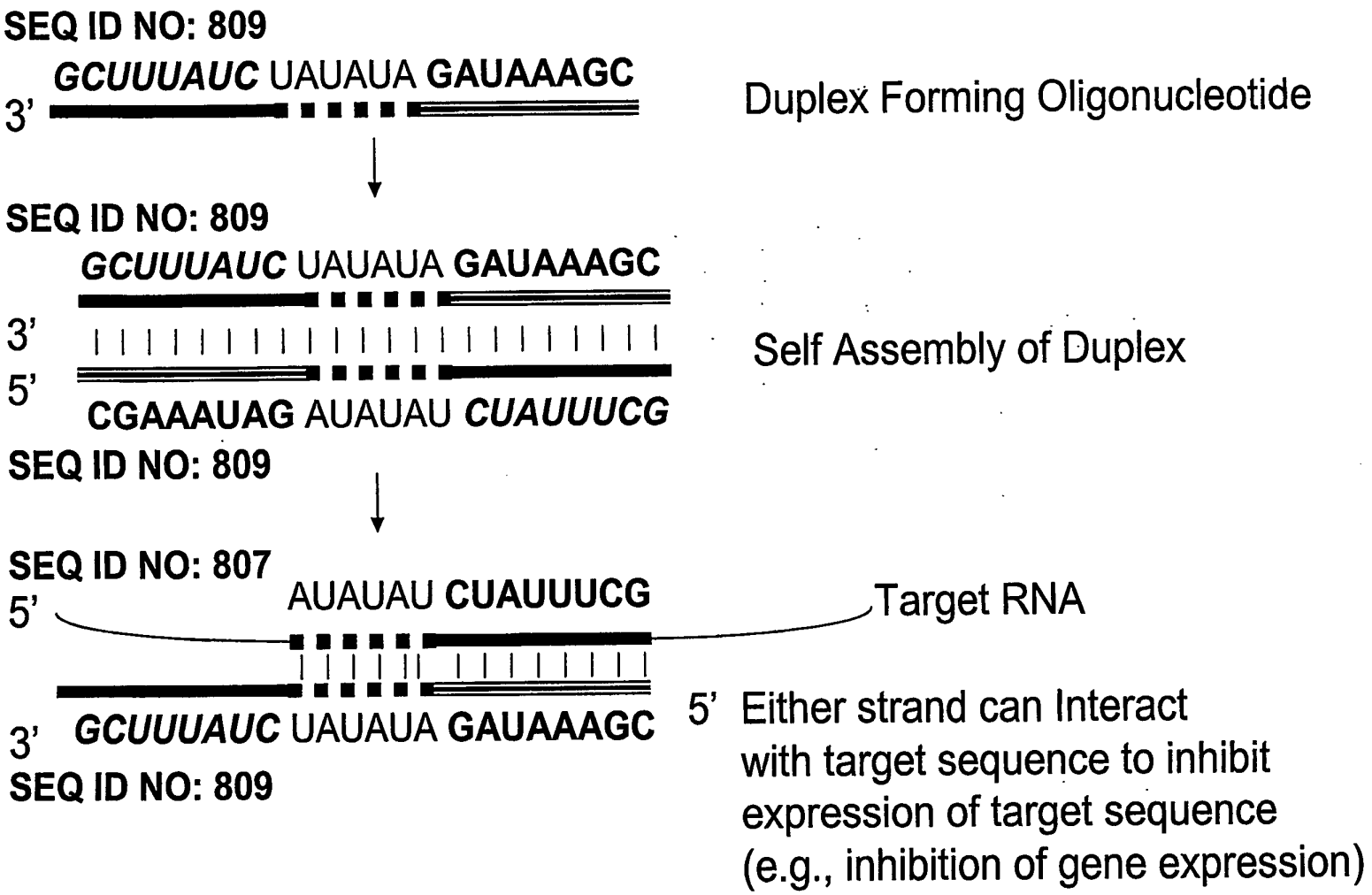
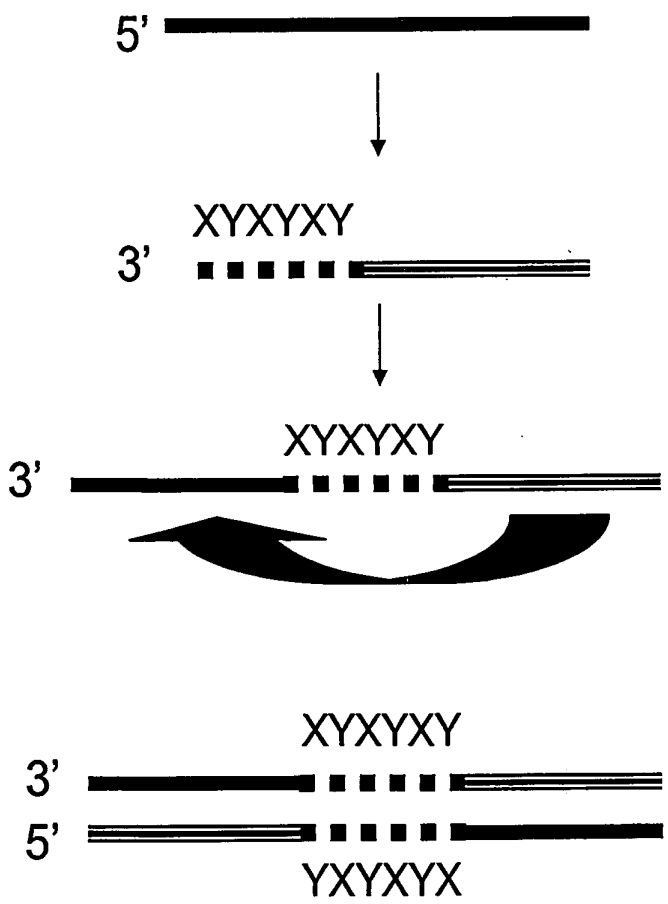


Figure 15: Duplex forming oligonucleotide constructs that utilize artificial palindrome or repeat sequences



Identify Target Nucleic Acid sequence (e.g., 14 to 24 nucleotides in length)

Design Complementary Sequence and utilize modified nucleotides (shown as X, Y) that interact with a portion of the target sequence and result in the formation of a palindrome/repeat sequence (e.g., 2 to 12 nucleotides) at 3'-end (dashed portion)

Append inverse sequence of Complementary region to 3'-end of palindrome/repeat sequence

Hybridize self complementary strands to form duplex siNA construct

Figure 16: Examples of double stranded multifunctional siNA constructs with distinct complementary regions

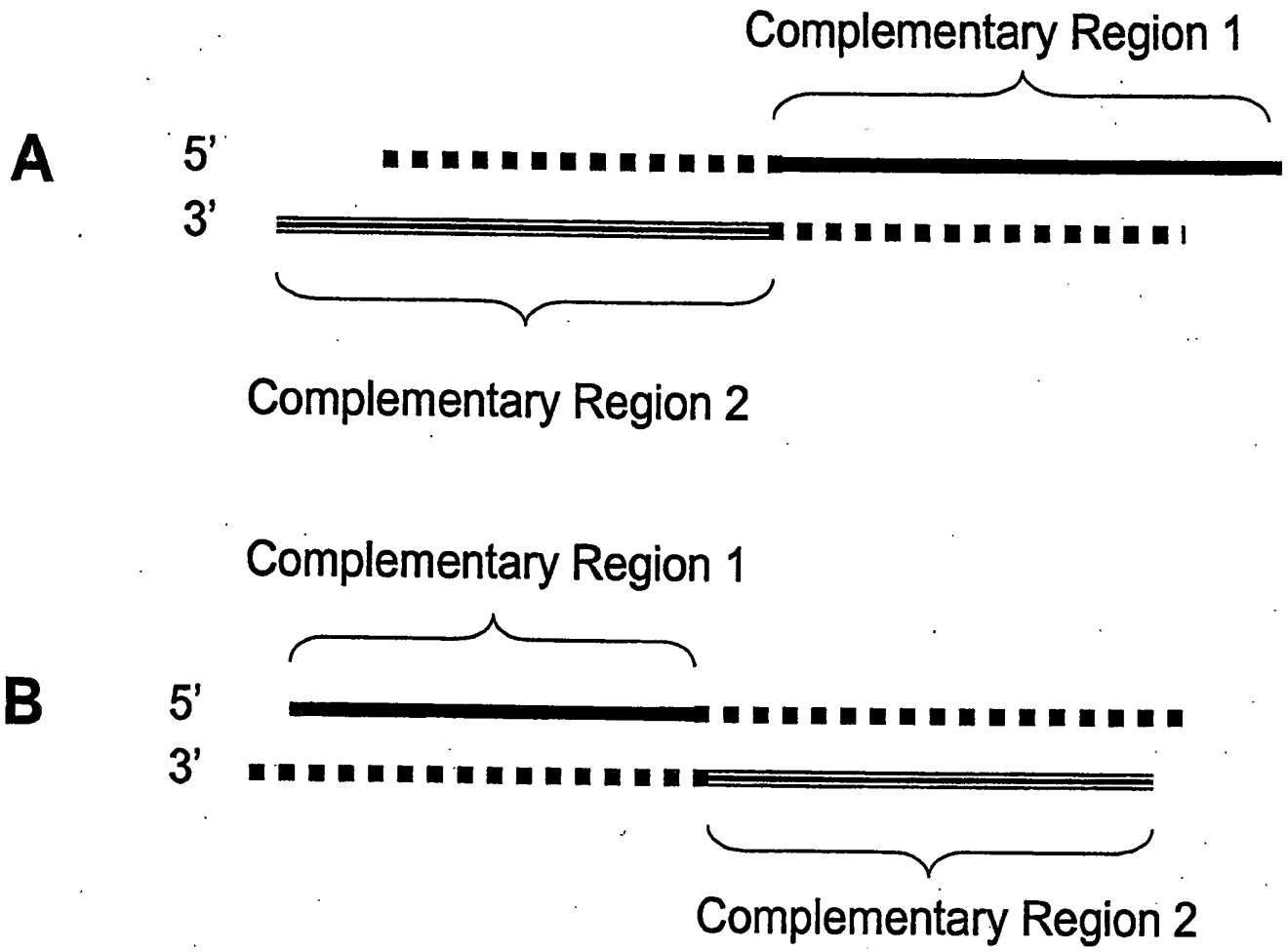


Figure 17: Examples of hairpin multifunctional siNA constructs with distinct complementary regions

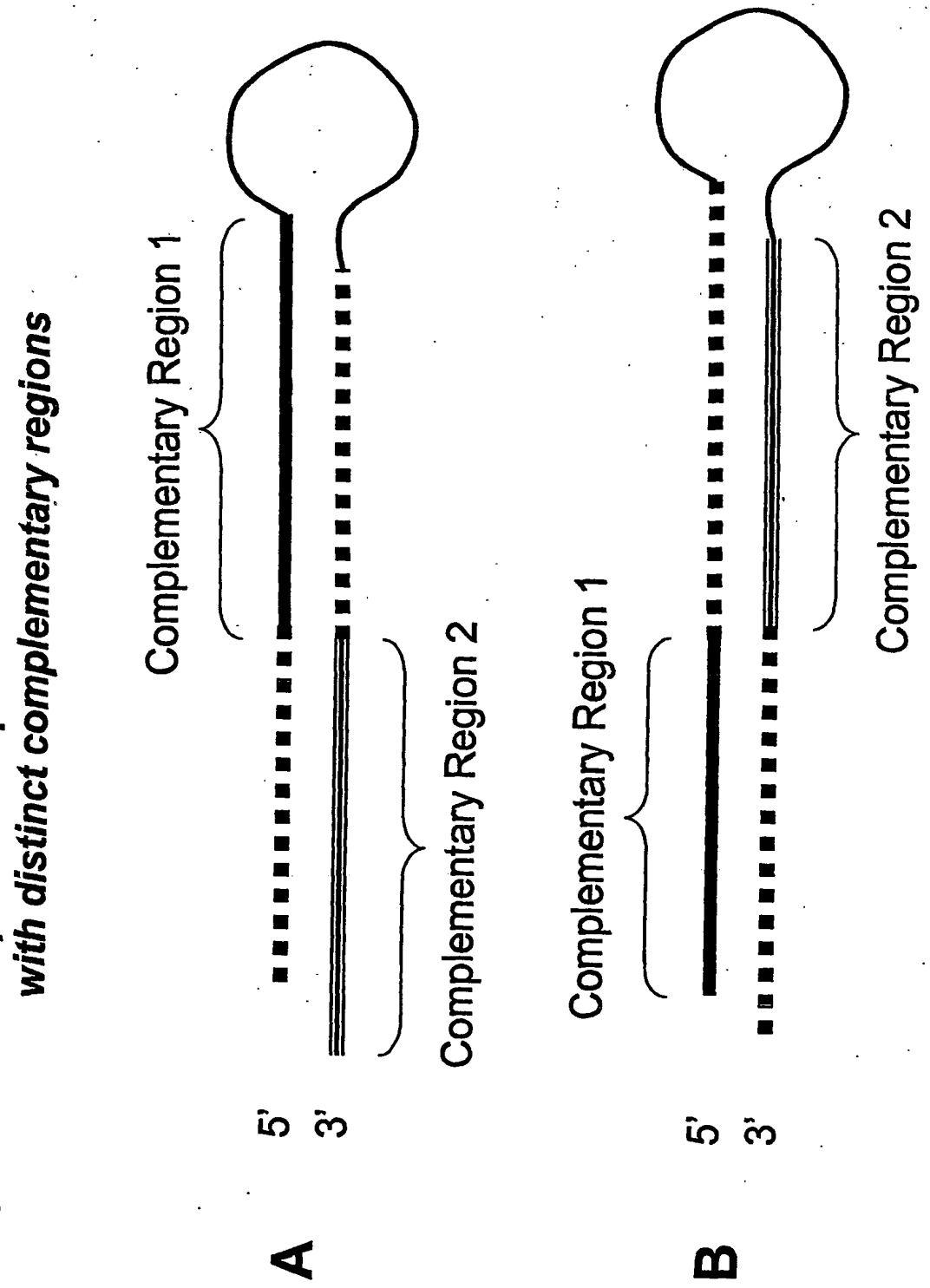


Figure 18: Examples of double stranded multifunctional siNA constructs with distinct complementary regions and a self complementary/palindrome region

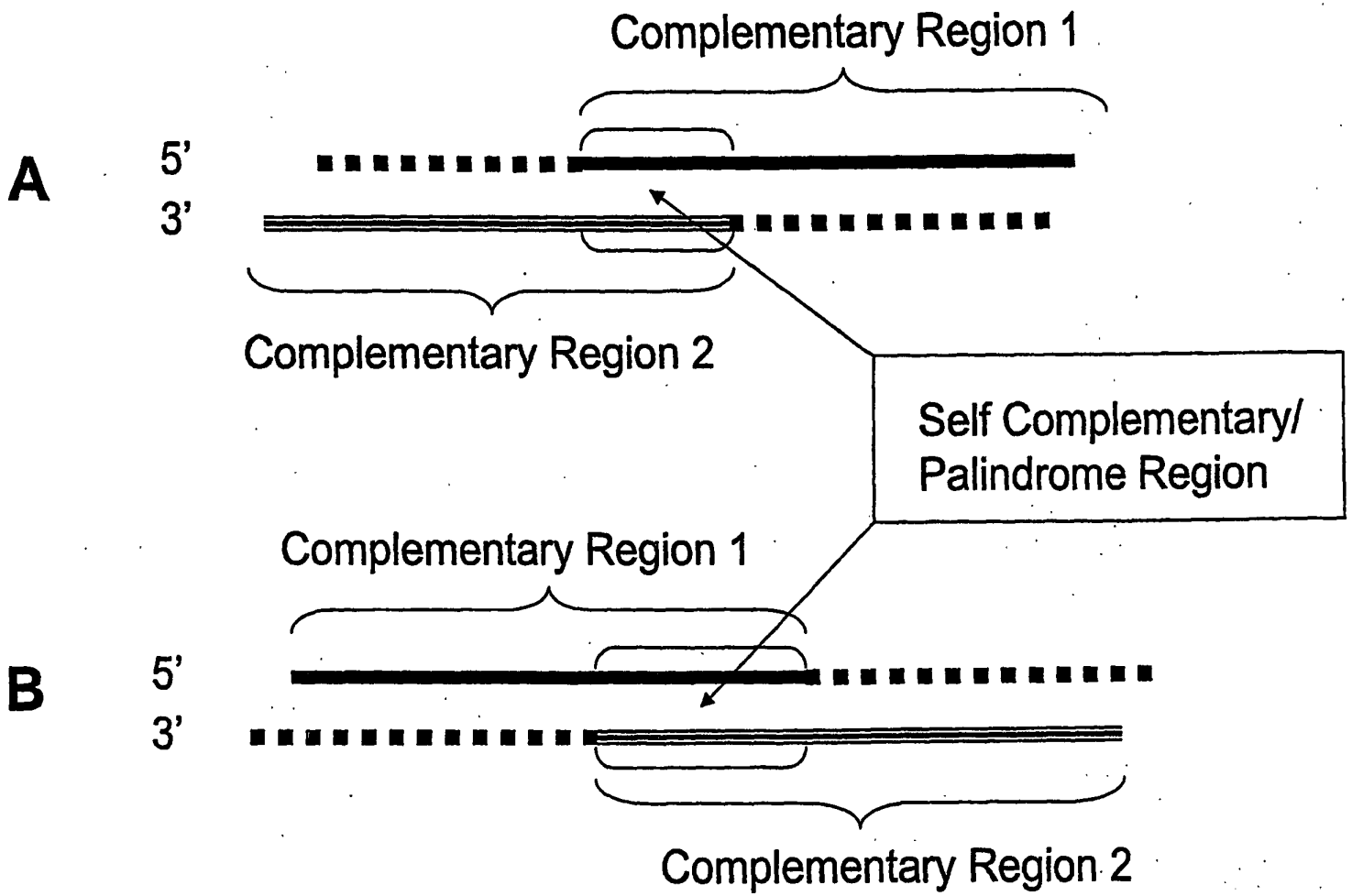
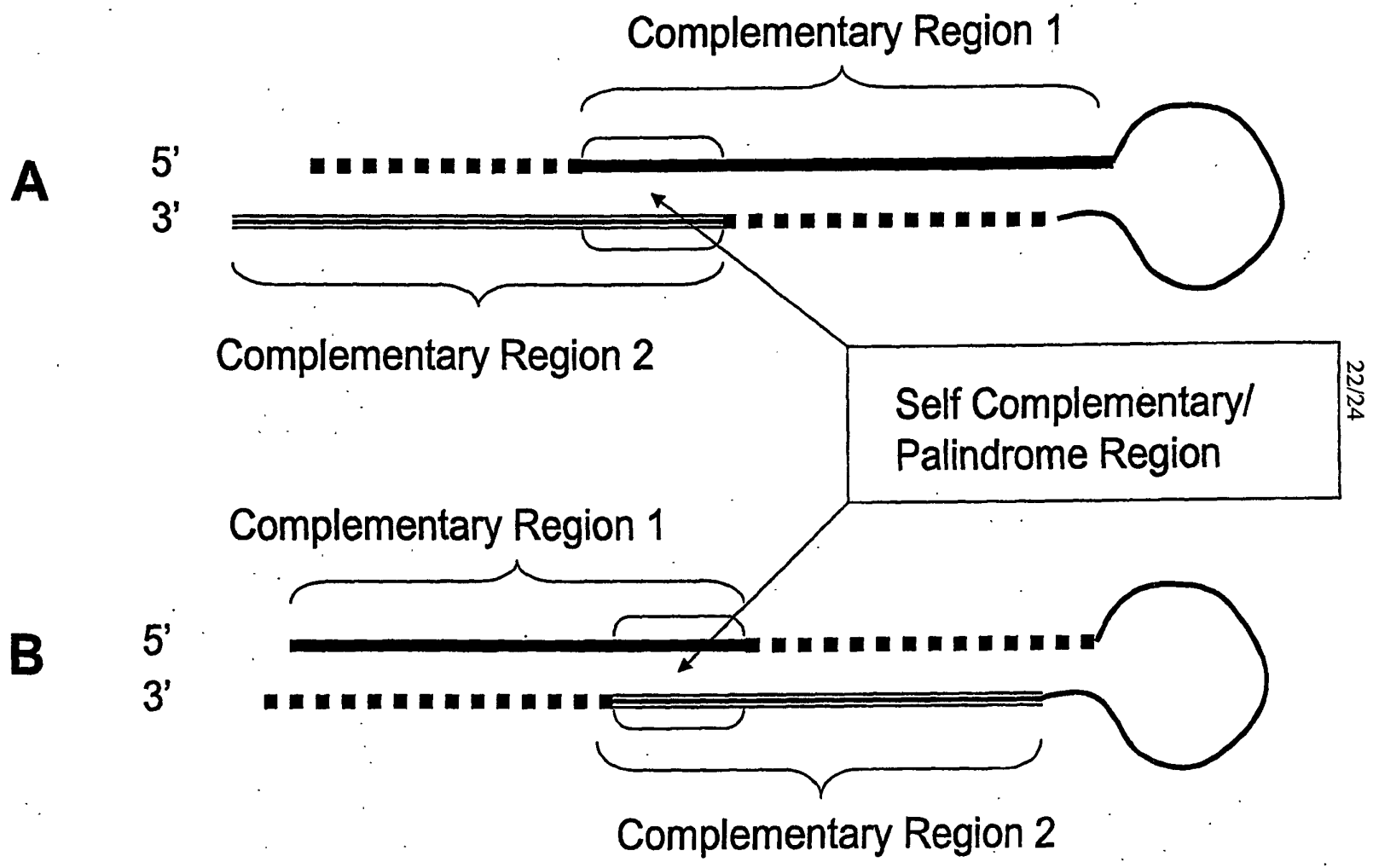


Figure 19: Examples of hairpin multifunctional siNA constructs with distinct complementary regions and a self complementary/palindrome region



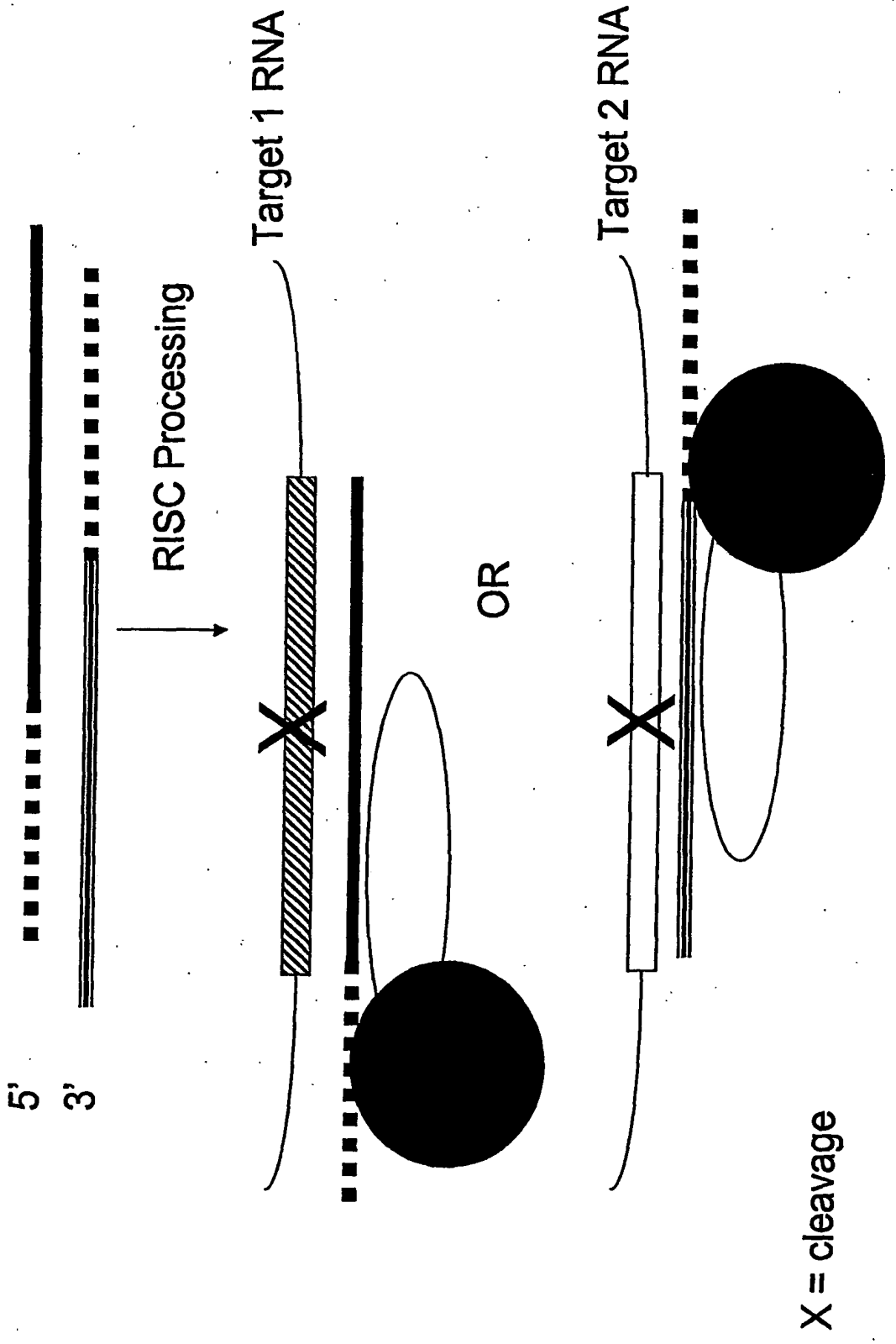


Figure 20: Example of multifunctional siNA targeting two Separate Target nucleic acid sequences

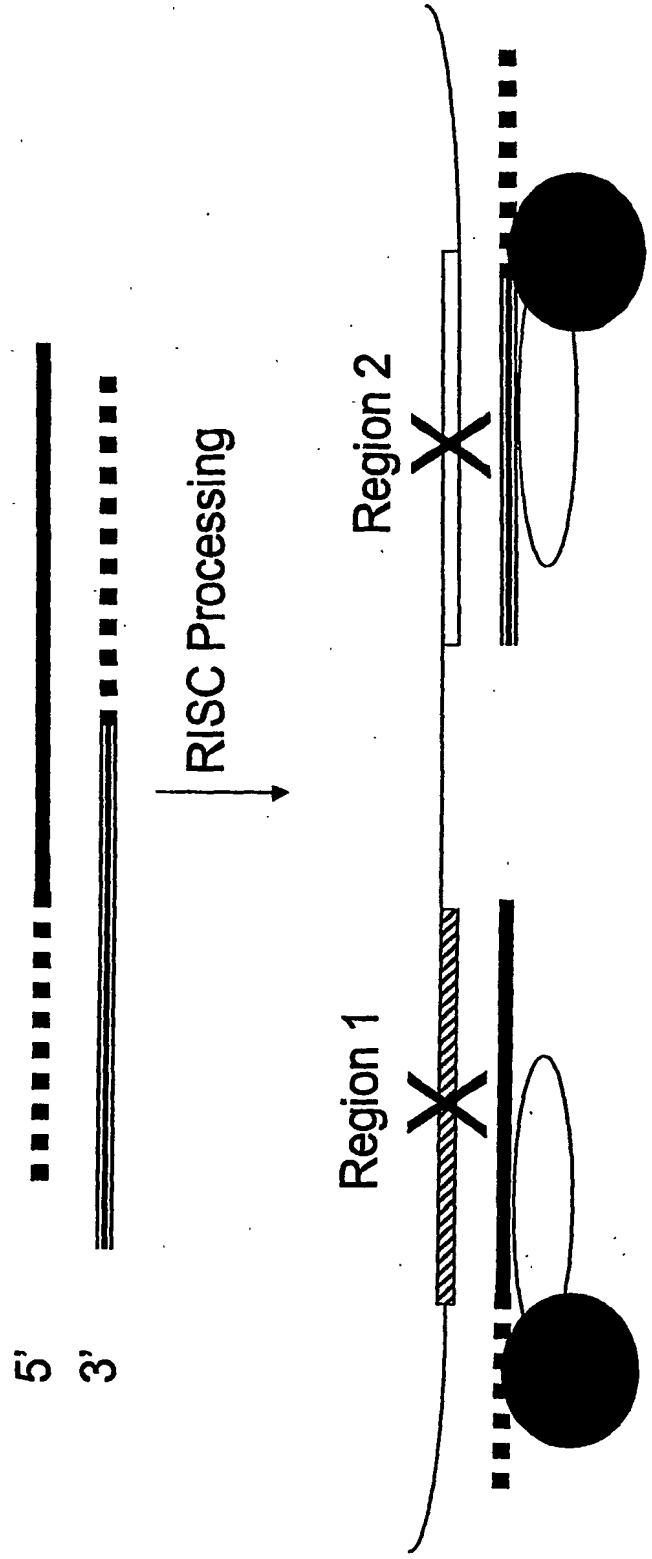


Figure 21: Example of multifunctional siNA targeting two regions within the same target nucleic acid sequence